
SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE / MIXTURE AND COMPANY

1.1 Product identifier	EndoSan8 (Stabilised Hydrogen Peroxide) CAS-No; 7722-84-1
1.2 Intended use	Cleaning and disinfection agent
1.3 Supplier details	Endo Enterprises (UK) Ltd Unit 231, Europa Boulevard Warrington, Cheshire. WA5 7TN United Kingdom Tel.: +44 (0)1925 747 101 enquiries@endoenterprises.com
1.4 Emergency telephone number	+44 (0)1925 747 101 Office Hours Mon-Fri, 09.00-17.00 Hrs. (GMT) Recorded message outside of office hours

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification in accordance with Regulation (EU) 1272/2008 (CLP):
Eye irritant; Category 2; Causes serious eye irritation (H319).

2.2 Label elements

Labeling in accordance with Regulation (EU) 1272/2008 (CLP):



Hazard pictograms:

Signal word: Warning

Hazard statements:
H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

Precautionary statements:
Prevention:

P102+P405	Store locked up and out of reach of children.
P235+P410	Keep cool and out of direct sunlight.
P403+P220	Store in a well ventilated place and keep away from combustible materials.
P280	Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

Response:

P301+P330+P315	IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth, get immediate medical advice/attention.
P302+P360+P313	IF ON SKIN: Rinse immediately contaminated clothing and skin with plenty of water before removing clothes. Get medical advice/attention.
P305+P351+P338+P315	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get immediate medical advice/attention.
P314	Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.

Hazardous components which must be listed on the label:

- *Hydrogen Peroxide* 7722-84-1

2.3 Other Hazards
Physical/Chemical Hazard:

- Risk of decomposition on heating.
- Risk of decomposition in contact with incompatible products: metal oxides, metal ions (e.g. Mn, Fe, Cu, Ni, Cr, Zn), metal salts, bases and reducing agents.
- Sustains the combustion of combustible materials.

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS
3.1 Substance

N/A

3.2 Mixture

International Chemical Identification	EC No.	CAS No.	%
water	231-792-2	7732-18-5	92.1-92.5
hydrogen peroxide solution ... %	231-765-0	7722-84-1	7.5-7.9

Classification		Labelling			Specific Conc. Limits, M-Factors
Hazard Class and Category Code(s)	Hazard Statement Code(s)	Pictogram, Signal Word Code(s)	Hazard Statement Code(s)	Suppl. Hazard Statement Code(s)	
Ox. Liq. 1	H271	GHS03	H271		Ox. Liq. 1; H271: C \geq 70% Ox. Liq. 2; H272: 50% \leq C < 70% Skin Corr. 1A; H314: C \geq 70% Skin Corr. 1B; H314: 50% \leq C < 70% Skin Irrit. 2; H315: 35% \leq C < 50% Eye Dam. 1; H318: 8% \leq C < 50% Eye Irrit. 2; H319: 5% \leq C < 8% STOT SE 3; H335: C \geq 35%
Acute Tox. 4	H332	GHS05	H332		
Acute Tox. 4	H302	GHS07	H302		
Skin Corr. 1A	H314	Dgr	H314		

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1 Description of first aid measures

Skin contact

Wash off immediately with plenty of water removing all contaminated clothes and shoes. Keep warm. If skin irritation persists, seek medical advice/attention.

Wash contaminated clothing with plenty of water to prevent fire/combustion risk.

Eye contact

Rinse immediately with plenty of water, including under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses if possible and continue rinsing. Seek medical attention immediately.

Ingestion

Rinse mouth. Give small amounts of water to drink. Do not induce vomiting. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Keep warm. Seek medical attention immediately.

Inhalation

Remove from exposure, lie down. Keep warm. Oxygen or artificial respiration if needed. Seek medical attention immediately.

Ensure injured person(s) are removed from contaminated area before treatment. Wear gloves when handling contaminated articles etc.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects

Irritant for skin and eyes.

May lead to severe eye damage & pulmonary oedema.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment

Symptomatic treatment. See section 11.1 for further detail.

SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

5.1 Extinguishing media

The product itself does not burn – use extinguishing media suitable to scenario/surroundings. Water or water spray/mist are preferred as they will also dilute the product.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

In case of fire, hydrogen can generate oxygen what can contribute to the intensity of the fire. The product itself does not burn but it sustains the combustion of combustible material. Risk of explosion if mixed with combustible material. Pressure build-up in confined space (risk of decomposition).

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Wear self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and full protection chemical suit.

5.4 Specific methods

Cool product containers / tanks with water spray.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Wear Personal Protective Equipment (face shield & safety goggles, chemical gloves, chemical safety boots/wellingtons, chemical suit).



If product is being sprayed, fogged or undergoing rapid decomposition Respiratory Protective Equipment (RPE, A2 or ABEK1 P3 rated filter type) should be worn in the vicinity.



Ensure adequate ventilation, remove sources of ignition and combustible materials from area. Keep people away from, and upwind of leak. Do not return spilled product to containers for re-use.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Prevent undiluted product from entering drains. Should not be released into the environment.

6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Prevent from spreading, use dam equipment as necessary.

Diluted solution can be washed into drains with plenty of water.
Contact the relevant local authorities.
Do not return spilled product to containers for re-use.

6.4 Reference to other sections

n.a.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Open container carefully in case of pressure build up, avoid exposure, wear suitable PPE.
Protect product from contamination and keep away from sources of ignition and combustible materials.
Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.
Never return unused product to container for re-use.
When dosing water systems, ensure system is suitably vented to prevent pressure build-up during active decomposition.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep in a cool, well-ventilated place. Keep away from heat, sources of ignition and combustible materials.
Condition of containers should be checked regularly. Store in original container where possible, if transferred store in a clean receptacle equipped with a vent. Storage containers/vessels should be stainless steel or plastic (PVC/HDPE preferred).

Materials to avoid: combustible material, reducing agents, organic materials, bases, metal oxides, metal ions (e.g. Mn, Fe, Cu, Ni, Cr, Zn), metal salts, rust, dirt.

7.3 Specific end uses

For specific advice on dosage/application rates for disinfection please contact supplier direct.

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1 Control parameters

DNEL hydrogen peroxide:	MAC-value 1 ppm 1,4 mg/m ³ (human, inhalation, long-term)
PNEC hydrogen peroxide:	0.0126 mg/l (fresh water)
PNEC hydrogen peroxide:	0.0126 mg/l (marine water)
PNEC hydrogen peroxide:	0.0023 mg/kg (soil)
PNEC hydrogen peroxide:	4.66 mg/l (STP)

8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls;
Ensure availability of safety showers/eyewash stations/running water local to handling areas.
Ensure adequate ventilation in work area.
Ensure suitable workspace for handling containers and product including pouring between receptacles.
All receptacles and wetted transfer equipment must be free of contamination and of suitable materials of

construction.

Individual protection measures;

For general handling the following minimum PPE is recommended:-



Safety eyewear should be worn at all times. Type (LEP, Goggles) depends upon task.



Use gloves when handling product, e.g;

- Butyl rubber, penetration time >480 mins, thickness 0.7mm
- Natural rubber, penetration time >480 mins, thickness 1mm
- Nitrile rubber, penetration time >480 mins, thickness 0.33mm



In case of spraying/fogging wear RPE (e.g. A2 or ABEK1 P3 rated filter type). Need for RPE when in close proximity to pouring product should be assessed.

Additional PPE may be required (face visor, chemical safety footwear, chemical suit etc) dependant upon task and location – a full risk assessment should be completed.

Environmental exposure controls;

All vessels/containers should be adequately banded.

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state:	Liquid
Color:	Colorless
Odor:	Pungent
pH:	< 5
Freezing point:	-4 °C
Boiling point:	102 °C
Flash point:	Not flammable
Evaporation rate:	For H ₂ O ₂ , > 1 (n-butyl acetate = 1)
Flammability (solid, gas):	N/A
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits:	N/A
Vapour pressure:	2500Pa @ 20°C (Total)
Vapour density:	Not known
Density:	1.028 kg/m ³ (@ 15 °C)
Solubility in water:	Completely soluble
Part. Coeff. n/octanol/water:	Log P _{ow} : -1.57 (for 50% H ₂ O ₂)
Auto-Ignition temperature:	N/A

Decomposition temperature: N/A
Viscosity: 1.005 cP @ 20°C
Oxidizing: May intensify fire; oxidizer

9.2 Other dataN/A

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1 Reactivity

Danger of decomposition when in contact with avoidable substances. Danger of explosion in closed systems as result of pressure buildup. Danger of decomposition upon heating.

10.2 Chemical stability

The product is stabilized. It decomposes upon heating.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

See section 10.1.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

High temperatures. UV light. Protect from contamination.

10.5 Incompatible materials

Materials to avoid: combustible material, reducing agents, organic materials, bases, metal oxides, metal ions (e.g. Mn, Fe, Cu, Ni, Cr, Zn), metal salts, rust, dirt.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Decomposes into oxygen and water. Vapor may originate during decomposition.

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Inhalation: Pungent / irritation. Irritation of mucous membranes, lung oedema.
Skin contact: Corrosive. Red-ness. White-ness (oxygen emphysema).
Eye contact : Causes damage to eyes and cornea.
Swallowing: Corrosive. Bleeding of mucous membranes up to severe damage to organs.
Sensibilisation: Not sensitizing.

Of hydrogen peroxide the following toxicity data/numerical measures are available:

LD₅₀ (rat, oral): >500 mg/kg (50% concentration)
LC₅₀ (rat, inhalation, 4h): 2000 mg/m³
LD₅₀ (rat, dermal): >4000 mg/kg (50% concentration)

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics;

Effect on the skin:	Causes burns. With increasing contact length, local erythema or extreme irritation (whitening) up to blistering can occur.
Effect on the eyes:	Extreme irritation up to cauterization. Can cause severe conjunctivitis, cornea damage or irreversible eye damage. Symptoms may occur with delay.
Effect when swallowed:	Swallowing can lead to bleeding of the mucosa in the mouth, esophagus and stomach. The rapid releasing of oxygen can cause distension/bleeding of the mucosa in the stomach, and lead to severe damage of the organs, especially in the event of a high intake.
Effect when inhaled:	Inhalation of vapours/aerosols can lead to irritation of the respiratory tract and cause inflammation of the respiratory tract and pulmonary oedema. Symptoms may occur with delay.

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1 Ecotoxicity

Data supplied for 50% w/w H₂O₂:

Aquatic toxicity;

LC₅₀/96 h/Pimephales promelas: 22 - 33 mg/l

LC₅₀/48 h/ Leuciscus idus: 35 mg/l

EC₅₀/ Daphnia: 2.4 – 7.7 mg/l

Toxicity to other organisms;

EC₅₀/30 min/activated sludge/Respiratory inhibition of activated sludge/OECD test guideline 209: 466 mg/l.

EC₅₀/3 h/activated sludge/Respiratory inhibition of activated sludge/OECD test guideline 209: > 1000 mg/l.

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Biological degradability: Hydrogen peroxide is readily biodegradable.

Chemical degradation: Decomposes into oxygen and water.

12.3 Bio-accumulative potential

Bioaccumulation is unlikely, given the low partition coefficient n-octanol/water (see SECTION 9).

12.4 Mobility in soil

See vapor pressure and solubility in water in SECTION 9. However, hydrogen peroxide will react directly when in contact with organic materials.

12.5 Results of PBT- and vPvB assessment

Hydrogen peroxide is not considered to be persistent, bio-accumulating and toxic (PBT).

Hydrogen peroxide is not considered to be very persistent and very bio-accumulating (vPvB).

12.6 Other adverse effects

No data available.

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product: The product should be used completely. Rinse empty packaging thoroughly with water prior to disposal. Waste product can be flushed to drain with excess of water.

Packaging: All packaging is widely recycled (PE type 1 or 2), consult with local waste authorities. Ensure packaging is thoroughly rinsed with water (internally & externally) before disposal. Empty packaging should not be used for other purposes.

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Product is not regulated for transport.

14.1 UN-number: N/A

14.2 Proper shipping name: N/A

14.3 Transport hazard class: N/A

14.4 Packing group: N/A

14.5 Environmental hazards: Not a marine pollutant

14.6 Special precautions for user: Yes – protect from heat.

14.7 Transport in bulk:

Product is not intended for transport in bulk as per Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC code.

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

The safety information of this SDS is based on Regulation (EU) 1272/2009 (CLP).

15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment

The chemical safety is based on the registration of this product and general safety information of Hydrogen Peroxide (<50%).

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

This information only concerns the above mentioned product and does not need to be valid if used with other product(s) or in any process. The information is correct and complete to our best present knowledge and is given in good faith but without warranty. It remains the user's own responsibility to make sure that the information is appropriate and complete for his special use of this product. It is recommended that the information of this safety data sheet is handed to all personnel.

Education advice: For professional use only. Always read the label and MSDS before use.
Sources used: Regulations, databases, literature, studies.
History/revisions: See footnote of this document.